

core430FR.s43

;C EXECUTE	i*x xt -- j*x	execute Forth word
;C	at 'xt'	
;Z lit	-- x	fetch inline literal to stack
;C EXIT	--	exit a colon definition
;C VARIABLE	--	define a Forth VARIABLE
;C CONSTANT	--	define a Forth constant
;Z USER	n --	define user variable 'n'
;C DUP	x -- x x	duplicate top of stack
;C ?DUP	x -- 0   x x	DUP if nonzero
;C DROP	x --	drop top of stack
;C SWAP	x1 x2 -- x2 x1	swap top two items
;C OVER	x1 x2 -- x1 x2 x1	per stack diagram
;C ROT	x1 x2 x3 -- x2 x3 x1	per stack diagram
;X NIP	x1 x2 -- x2	per stack diagram
;C >R	x --	R: -- x
;C R>	-- x	R: x --
;C R@	-- x	R: x -- x
;Z SP@	-- a-addr	get data stack pointer
;Z SP!	a-addr --	set data stack pointer
;Z RP@	-- a-addr	get return stack pointer
;Z RP!	a-addr --	set return stack pointer
;X TUCK	x1 x2 -- x2 x1 x2	per stack diagram
;C @	a-addr -- x	fetch cell from memory
;C !	x a-addr --	store cell in memory
;C C@	c-addr -- char	fetch char from memory
;C C!	char c-addr --	store char in memory
;C +	n1/u1 n2/u2 -- n3/u3	add n1+n2
;C +!	n/u a-addr --	add cell to memory
;X M+	d n -- d	add single to double
;C -	n1/u1 n2/u2 -- n3/u3	subtract n1-n2
;C AND	x1 x2 -- x3	logical AND
;C OR	x1 x2 -- x3	logical OR
;C XOR	x1 x2 -- x3	logical XOR
;C INVERT	x1 -- x2	bitwise inversion
;C NEGATE	x1 -- x2	two's complement
;C 1+	n1/u1 -- n2/u2	add 1 to TOS
;C 1-	n1/u1 -- n2/u2	subtract 1 from TOS
;Z ><	x1 -- x2	swap bytes (not ANSI)
;C 2*	x1 -- x2	arithmetic left shift
;C 2/	x1 -- x2	arithmetic right shift
;C LSHIFT	x1 u -- x2	logical L shift u places
;C RSHIFT	x1 u -- x2	logical R shift u places
;C 0=	n/u -- flag	return true if TOS=0
;C 0<	n -- flag	true if TOS negative
;C =	x1 x2 -- flag	test x1=x2
;X <>	x1 x2 -- flag	test not eq (not ANSI)
;C <	n1 n2 -- flag	test n1<n2, signed
;C >	n1 n2 -- flag	test n1>n2, signed
;C U<	u1 u2 -- flag	test u1<u2, unsigned
;X U>	u1 u2 -- flag	u1>u2 unsd (not ANSI)
;Z branch	--	branch always
;Z ?branch	x --	branch if TOS zero
;Z (do)	n1 u1 n2 u2 --	R: -- sys1 sys2
;Z	run-time code for DO	
;Z (loop)	R: sys1 sys2 --	sys1 sys2
;Z	run-time code for LOOP	
;Z (+loop)	n --	R: sys1 sys2 --
;Z	run-time code for +LOOP	
;C I	-- n	R: sys1 sys2 -- sys1 sys2
;C	get the innermost loop index	
;C J	-- n	R: 4*sys -- 4*sys
;C	get the second loop index	
;C UNLOOP	--	R: sys1 sys2 --
;C UM*	u1 u2 -- ud	unsigned 16x16->32 mult.

;C UM/MOD	ud u1 -- u2 u3	unsigned 32/16->16
;C FILL	c-addr u char --	fill memory with char
;X CMOVE	c-addr1 c-addr2 u --	move from bottom
;X CMOVE>	c-addr1 c-addr2 u --	move from top
;Z I->D	c-addr1 c-addr2 u --	move Code->Data
;Z SKIP	c-addr u c -- c-addr' u'	
;Z	skip matching chars	
;Z SCAN	c-addr u c -- c-addr' u'	
;Z	find matching char	
;Z S=	c-addr1 c-addr2 u -- n	string compare
;Z	n<0: s1<s2, n=0: s1=s2, n>0: s1>s2	
;Z N=	c-addr1 c-addr2 u -- n	name compare
;Z	n<0: s1<s2, n=0: s1=s2, n>0: s1>s2	
;C EMIT	c --	output character to console
;C KEY	-- c	get character from keyboard
;X KEY?	-- f	return true if char waiting

#### deps430FR.s43

;C ALIGN	--	align HERE
;C ALIGNED	addr -- a-addr	align given addr
;Z CELL	-- n	size of one cell
;C CELL+	a-addr1 -- a-addr2	add cell size
;C CELLS	n1 -- n2	cells->adrs units
;C CHAR+	c-addr1 -- c-addr2	add char size
;C CHARS	n1 -- n2	chars->adrs units
;C >BODY	xt -- a-addr	adrs of CREATE data
;X COMPILER,	xt --	append execution token
;Z !CF	adrs cfa --	set code action of a word
;Z ,CF	adrs --	append a code field
;Z ,CALL	adrs --	append a subroutine CALL
;Z ,JMP	adrs --	append an absolute 16-bit JMP
;Z !COLON	--	change code field to DOCOLON
;Z ,EXIT	--	append hi-level EXIT action
;Z ,BRANCH	xt --	append a branch instruction
;Z ,DEST	dest --	append a branch address
;Z !DEST	dest adrs --	change a branch dest'n
;Z ,NONE	--	append a null destination (Flashable)

#### expapp.s43

; deferred words =====		
;A DEFER	<name> --	defer a definition
;A IS	xt <deferword> --	xt is the action of a deferd word
;A [IS]	<name> xt --	
;X MARKER	--	create word to restore dictionary
; use blue LEDs to do some light show =====		
;A !LEDS	c --	set blue LEDS
;A CLIP	adr n --	run clip once
;A MAGIC	-- adr	adr of clip1
;A SMAL	-- adr	adr of clip2

#### hilvl430FR.s43

; SYSTEM VARIABLES & CONSTANTS =====		
;Z u0	-- a-addr	current user area adrs
;C >IN	-- a-addr	holds offset into TIB
;C BASE	-- a-addr	holds conversion radix
;C STATE	-- a-addr	holds compiler state
;Z dp	-- a-addr	holds dictionary ptr
;Z 'source	-- a-addr	two cells: len, adrs
;Z latest	-- a-addr	last word in dict.
;Z hp	-- a-addr	HOLD pointer
;Z LP	-- a-addr	Leave-stack pointer
;Z APP	-- a-addr	xt of app ( was TURNKEY)
;Z NEWEST	-- a-addr	temporary LATEST storage
;Z FENCE	-- a-addr	we dont forget words below fence
;X PAD	-- a-addr	user PAD buffer
;Z l0	-- a-addr	bottom of Leave stack

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;Z r0      -- a-addr      end of return stack
;Z s0      -- a-addr      end of parameter stack
;X tib     -- a-addr      Terminal Input Buffer
;Z tibsize -- n           size of TIB
;C BL      -- char        an ASCII space
;Z #init   -- n           #bytes of user area init data
; ARITHMETIC OPERATORS =====
;C S>D     n -- d         single -> double prec.
;Z ?NEGATE n1 n2 -- n3    negate n1 if n2 negative
;C ABS     n1 -- +n2      absolute value
;X DNEGATE d1 -- d2       negate double precision
;Z ?DNEGATE d1 n -- d2    negate d1 if n negative
;X DABS    d1 -- +d2      absolute value dbl.prec.
;C M*      n1 n2 -- d     signed 16*16->32 multiply
;C SM/REM  d1 n1 -- n2 n3 symmetric signed div
;C FM/MOD  d1 n1 -- n2 n3 floored signed div'n
;C *       n1 n2 -- n3    signed multiply
;C /MOD    n1 n2 -- n3 n4 signed divide/rem'dr
;C /       n1 n2 -- n3    signed divide
;C MOD     n1 n2 -- n3    signed remainder
;C */MOD   n1 n2 n3 -- n4 n5 n1*n2/n3, rem'ndr
;C */      n1 n2 n3 -- n4 n1*n2/n3
;C MAX     n1 n2 -- n3    signed maximum
;C MIN     n1 n2 -- n3    signed minimum
; DOUBLE OPERATORS =====
;C 2@      a-addr -- x1 x2 fetch 2 cells
;C 2!      x1 x2 a-addr -- store 2 cells
;C 2DROP   x1 x2 --       drop 2 cells
;C 2DUP    x1 x2 -- x1 x2 x1 x2 dup top 2 cells
;C 2SWAP   x1 x2 x3 x4 -- x3 x4 x1 x2 per diagram
;C 2OVER   x1 x2 x3 x4 -- x1 x2 x3 x4 x1 x2
; INPUT/OUTPUT =====
;C COUNT   c-addr1 -- c-addr2 u counted->adr/len
;C CR      --             output newline
;C SPACE   --             output a space
;C SPACES  n --           output n spaces
;Z umin    u1 u2 -- u     unsigned minimum
;Z umax    u1 u2 -- u     unsigned maximum
;C ACCEPT  c-addr +n -- +n' get line from term'l
;C TYPE    c-addr +n --   type line to term'l
;Z (S")    -- c-addr u    run-time code for S"
;C S"      --             compile in-line string
;C ."      --             compile string to print
; NUMERIC OUTPUT =====
;Z UD/MOD  ud1 u2 -- u3 ud4 32/16->32 divide
;Z UD*     ud1 d2 -- ud3    32*16->32 multiply
;C HOLD    char --         add char to output string
;C <#      --             begin numeric conversion
;Z >digit  n -- c         convert to 0..9A..Z
;C #       ud1 -- ud2      convert 1 digit of output
;C #S      ud1 -- ud2      convert remaining digits
;C #>      ud1 -- c-addr u end conv., get string
;C SIGN    n --           add minus sign if n<0
;C U.      u --           display u unsigned
;C .       n --           display n signed
;C DECIMAL --             set number base to decimal
;X HEX     --             set number base to hex
; DICTIONARY MANAGEMENT =====
;C HERE    -- addr        returns dictionary ptr
;C ALLOT   n --           allocate n bytes in dict
;C ,       x --           append cell to dict
;C C,      char --        append char to dict
; INTERPRETER =====
;C SOURCE  -- adr n       current input buffer
;X /STRING a u n -- +n u-n trim string
;Z >counted src n dst -- copy to counted str

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;C WORD      char -- c-addr n      word delim'd by char
;Z NFA>LFA   nfa -- lfa           name adr -> link field
;Z NFA>CFA   nfa -- cfa           name adr -> code field
;Z IMMED?    nfa -- f             fetch immediate flag
;C FIND      c-addr -- c-addr 0    if not found
;C          xt                    1
;C          xt -1                 if "normal"
;C LITERAL   x --                 append numeric literal
;Z DIGIT?    c -- n -1            if c is a valid digit
;Z          -- x                  0
;Z ?SIGN     adr n -- adr' n' f    get optional sign
;Z          advance adr/n if sign; return NZ if negative
;C >NUMBER   ud adr u -- ud' adr' u'
;C          convert string to number
;Z ?NUMBER   c-addr -- n -1      string->number
;Z          -- c-addr 0          if convert error
;Z INTERPRET i*x c-addr u -- j*x
;Z          interpret given buffer
;C EVALUATE  i*x c-addr u -- j*x  interpr string
;C QUIT      --                  R: i*x --
;C ABORT     i*x --              R: j*x --
;Z ?ABORT    f c-addr u --       abort & print msg
;C ABORT"    i*x 0               -- i*x
;C          i*x x1 --            R: j*x --
;C '         -- xt               find word in dictionary
;C CHAR      -- char            parse ASCII character
;C [CHAR]    --                 compile character literal
;C (         --                 skip input until )
; COMPILER =====
;Z HEADER    --                 create a Forth word header
;Z <BUILDS   --                 define a word with t.b.d. action & no data
;C CREATE    --                 create an empty definition
;Z (DOES>)   --                 run-time action of DOES>
;C DOES>     --                 change action of latest def'n
;C RECURSE   --                 recurse current definition
;C [         --                 enter interpretive state
;C ]         --                 enter compiling state
;Z HIDE      --                 "hide" latest definition
;Z REVEAL    --                 "reveal" latest definition
;C IMMEDIATE --                 make last def'n immediate
;C :         --                 begin a colon definition
;C ;
;C [' ]      --                 find word & compile as literal
;C POSTPONE  --                 postpone compile action of word
;Z COMPILE   --                 append inline execution token
; CONTROL STRUCTURES =====
;C IF        -- adrs             conditional forward branch
;C THEN      adrs --             resolve forward branch
;C ELSE      adrs1 -- adrs2      branch for IF..ELSE
;C BEGIN     -- adrs             target for bwd. branch
;C UNTIL     adrs --             conditional backward branch
;X AGAIN     adrs --             uncond'l backward branch
;C WHILE     adrs1 -- adrs2 adrs1
;C REPEAT    adrs2 adrs1 --      resolve WHILE loop
;Z >L        x --               L: -- x
;Z L>        -- x               L: x --
;C DO        -- adrs             L: -- 0
;Z ENDLOOP   adrs xt --         L: 0 a1 a2 .. aN --
;C LOOP      adrs --             L: 0 a1 a2 .. aN --
;C +LOOP     adrs --             L: 0 a1 a2 .. aN --
;C LEAVE     --                 L: -- adrs
; OTHER OPERATIONS =====
;X WITHIN    n1lu1 n2lu2 n3lu3 -- f  n2<=n1<n3?
;C MOVE      addr1 addr2 u --      smart move
;C DEPTH     -- +n                number of items on stack
;C ENVIRONMENT? c-addr u -- false  system query

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; UTILITY WORDS =====
;U 1MS      --      wait about 1 millisecond
;U MS       n --    wait about n milliseconds
;U BELL     --      send $07 to Terminal
;U TRUE     -- FFFF  true flag
;U FALSE    -- 0     false flag
;U NOOP     --      no operation
;X WORDS    --      list all words in dict.
;X U.R      u n --   display u unsigned in n width
;X DUMP     adr n    --
;X .S       --      print stack contents
;U \        --      backslash
;U .C       --      dotparen
;U MEM      -- n     bytes left in FRAM
;U FORGET   "word"   --
;U PROTECT  adr -- adr abort if adr points to protected area.
; START UP =====
;Z          dcn      -- addr
;Z .VER     --      type message
;Z COLD     --      reset user area and stacks, then restart forth.
;Z WARM     --      reset stacks and restart forth..

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infoB.s43

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; version string =====

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init430FR5739.s43

vecs430FR5739.s43